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Alternative Fuel Concepts in the Automotive Industry

2nd International BTL Congress, 12-13 October 2006, Berlin
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Content

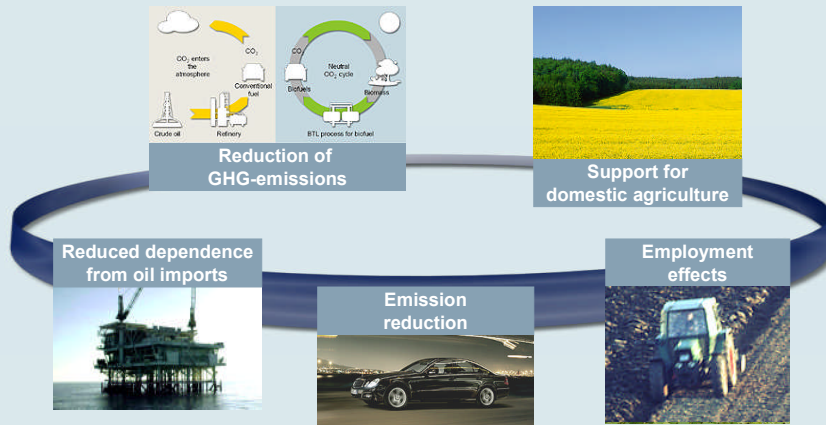


- Motivation for the Use of Biofuels
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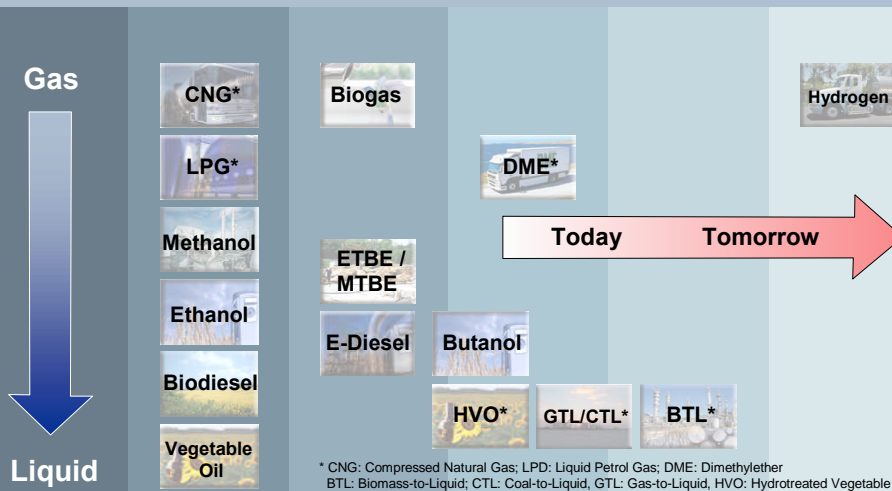


Motivation for the Usage of Biofuels

Biofuels have many advantages



Alternative Fuel Options

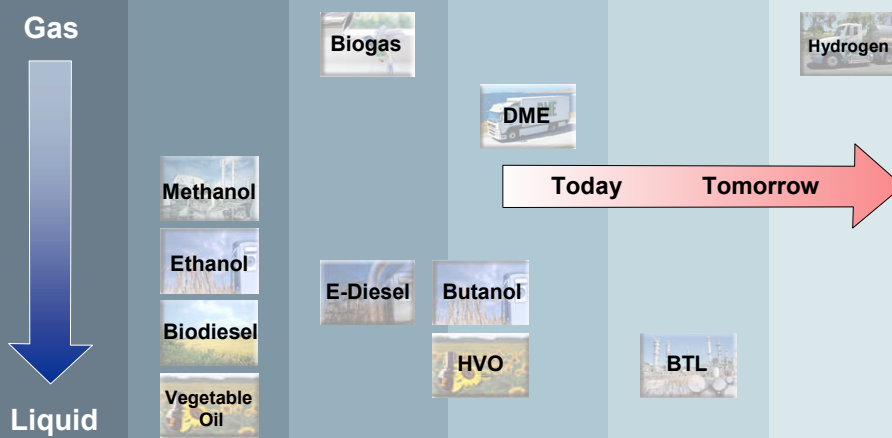


* CNG: Compressed Natural Gas; LPG: Liquid Petrol Gas; DME: Dimethylether
 BTL: Biomass-to-Liquid; CTL: Coal-to-Liquid; GTL: Gas-to-Liquid; HVO: Hydrotreated Vegetable Oil

Top 5 Assessment Criteria for Alternative Fuels

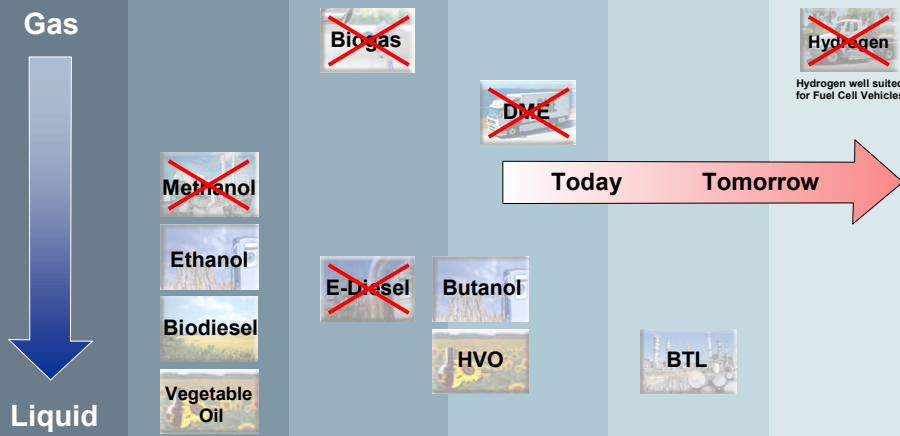
Energy Security	Is the production of this fuel alternative completely domestic or is import necessary?
Substitution Potential	How much fossil fuel can be substituted?
Infrastructure / Powertrain	Does the fuel require a new infrastructure? Does the fuel require adapted propulsion technology?
Emissions	Does the fuel offer emission reduction potential?
CO ₂ Reduction Potential	Is CO ₂ Balance better or worse than other alternative fuel options ?

Biofuel Options



Biofuel Options (Internal Combustion Engines)

Only few Biofuels are suitable alternatives for internal combustion engines.



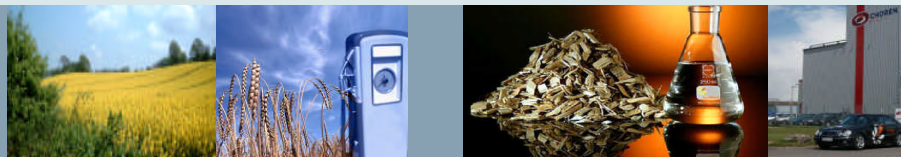
1st and 2nd Generation Biofuels

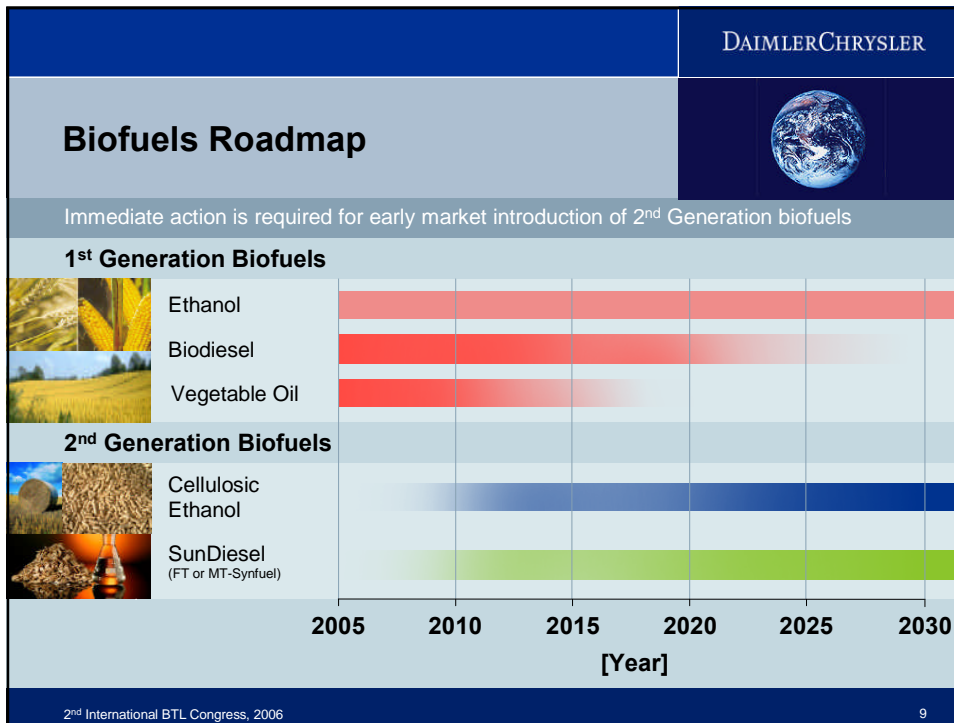
1st Gen. Biofuels (e.g. Biodiesel / Bio-Ethanol):

- Available on the market today
- Domestic production possible
- Limited substitution potential
- Limited CO₂-reduction potential
- Utilizes only part of the crop

2nd Gen. Biofuels (e.g. BTL / Cellulosic Ethanol):

- Available on the market soon (small quantities)
- Domestic production possible
- Higher substitution potential
- High CO₂-reduction potential
- Utilizes entire crop
- Also utilization of waste possible
- No competition with food production
- Synthetic fuels potential enabler for new combustion concepts





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Other Biofuel Alternatives

The potential of HVO, Butanol and other biofuel alternatives is currently unknown

Hydrotreated Vegetable Oil (HVO)

- Utilization of HVO looks very promising as a blending component in fossil Diesel fuel.
- Fuel / Engine interaction with advanced aftertreatment system still under investigation
- GHG – balance and LCA remain open issues

Butanol

- Butanol shows some better characteristics, compared with Ethanol, regarding:
 - Energy density
 - Cold start
 - Corrosiveness
 - Miscibility with gasoline
 - Vapor pressure
- Disadvantage is lower octane number than Ethanol
- Economic viability and GHG/LCA remain open issues

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Vision „Biofuels in 2030“: Assumptions

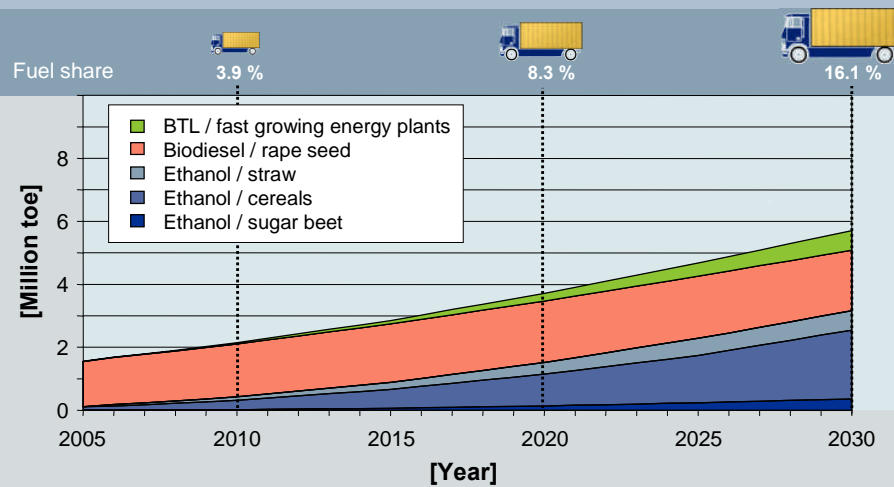


Two Scenarios „Vision Biofuels 2030“ for Germany

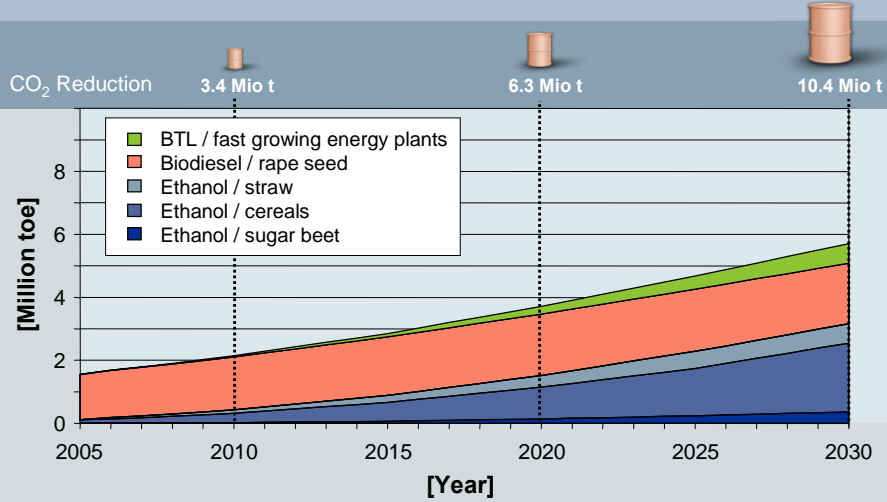
- **No imports** regarding biomass and biofuels considered
- Total **fuel demand** for 2030 estimated based upon MWV data
- **No waste wood** considered
- **No emerging biofuels** are considered (e.g. Bio-Butanol)
- All assumptions regarding **yield, conversion efficiency and CO₂-reduction** potential taken from FNR and EUCAR/CONCAWE/JRC study
- **Hydrogen not considered**, since only suited for Fuel Cell Vehicles

Scenario	Focus Biofuels 1 st Generation Scenario „Business as usual“	Focus Biofuels 2 nd Generation Scenario „Biofuels“
Land Use 2030	2.8 mio. ha 23% of arable land	2.8 mio. ha 23% of arable land
% Area for 2 nd Gen.	6% of 2.8 mio. Ha	46% of 2.8 mio. ha

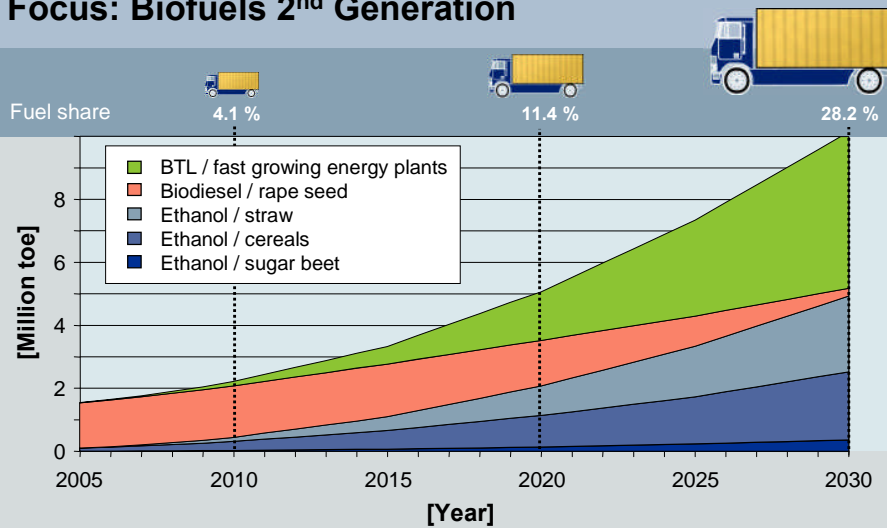
Scenario „Business as usual“ Focus: Biofuels 1st Generation



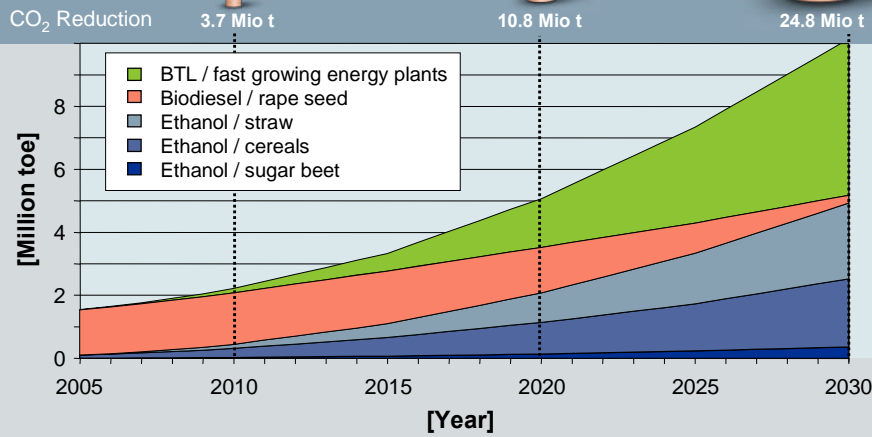
Scenario „Business as usual“ Focus: Biofuels 1st Generation



Scenario „Biofuels“ Focus: Biofuels 2nd Generation

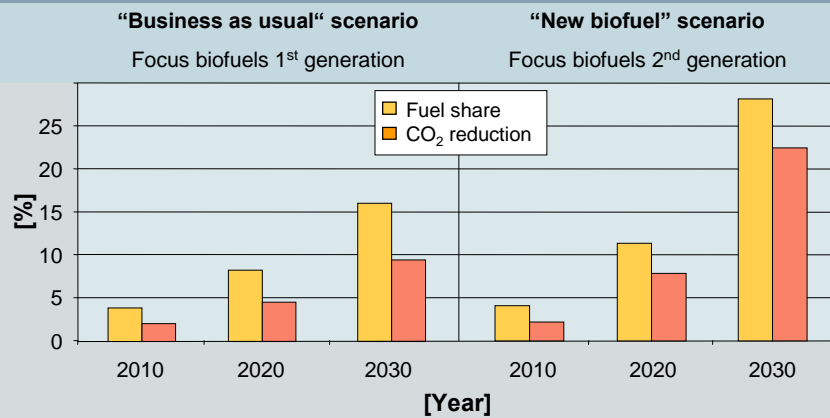


Scenario „Biofuels“ Focus: Biofuels 2nd Generation



Vision „Biofuels in 2030“: Results of the two Scenarios

By switching from 1st generation to 2nd generation, biofuels production on the same area is about two times higher with CO₂ savings more than doubled in 2030



DaimlerChrysler's BTL Cooperation

SunDiesel (Cooperation DaimlerChrysler - CHOREN Industries since 2001)

Ultra clean biofuel with high potential

Substitution potential ca. 20% of European fuel demand

- CO₂ – Reduction potential (Europa) up to 200 mio. tons by utilization of SunDiesel
- Free of sulfur and aromatics, ultra clean combustion
- Successful vehicle fleet tests since 2003 at DaimlerChrysler
- August 2005: Start of Shell / Choren cooperation for SunDiesel production



Choren Industries GmbH



„SunDiesel“- Fuel pump in Stuttgart-Möhringen

Since 2001, DC is actively involved in BTL technology development

Recent DC Activities Regarding Alternative Fuels

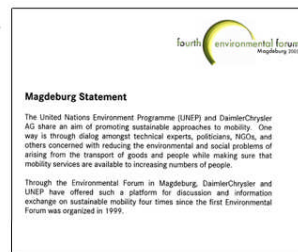
- DaimlerChrysler acknowledges the necessity of alternative fuels, in particular biofuels.
- In November 2005, DaimlerChrysler announced to prepare its vehicles for blending ratios up to 10%.
- With its activities on synthetic fuels and biofuels, DaimlerChrysler is among the leaders to promote the utilization of fuel alternatives.



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VOLKSWAGEN AG



DaimlerChrysler is well established as an active player in the alternative fuels discussion. Continue effort regarding utilization of alternative fuels as an enabler for low emissions and lower CO₂.

Recommendations

Today's biofuels are a valuable contribution for a sustainable mobility.

Blending with fossil fuels is the most cost effective way to introduce new biofuels in the market.

Since the potential of 1st generation biofuels is limited, development of 2nd generation biofuels is required. This development effort requires the joint effort of fuel producers, vehicle manufacturers and policy.

Introduction of 2nd generation biofuels offers significant CO₂-reduction potential.

